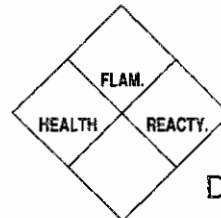


\$50 Fee Required For Fire Dept. Classification



CITY OF TEMPE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION



Dept. Use Only

Permit Number

Plan Check No.

New _____

Add. _____

Alt. _____

JOB ADDRESS

OWNER

SIZE OF NEW BUILDING OR ADDITION

USE OF NEW BUILDING OR ADDITION

PRESENT USE OF EXISTING BUILDING AREAS

DOING BUSINESS SINCE (YEAR?)

OCCUPANCY NAME

RESPONSIBLE PARTY / EMERGENCY COORDINATOR

PHONE:

Do You Generate Hazardous Waste? Yes or No

How Much Do You Generate Per Month? _____

How Do You Dispose Of Your Hazardous Waste? _____

Have You Ever Done Business In Arizona Before? Yes or No

Under What Name? _____ Address _____

Contingency Plan? Yes or No Location? _____

Indicate by a yes or no for each of the following Hazardous Materials whether they are to be used, processed, or stored in this building or property. (See Definitions On Back)

Combustible Dusts _____	Flamm/Combust Materials _____	Radioactive Materials _____
Combustible Fibers _____	Flammable Solids _____	Toxic Materials _____
Compressed Gases _____	Highly Toxic Materials _____	Other Health Hazards _____
Toxic /Poisonous Materials _____	Liquid and Solid Oxidizers _____	Solids _____
Corrosive Material _____	Organic Peroxides _____	Liquids _____
Cryogenic Fluids _____	Pesticide _____	Gases _____
Explosive/Blasting Agents _____	Unstable (Reactive) Materials _____	

Indicate equipment or process involving any of the above material:

Hydraulic Equipment _____	Dust Collectors _____	Drying Rooms _____	Fiberglass Operations _____
Indust/Medical Gas _____	Electro Plating _____	Flow Coaters _____	Baler or Shredder _____
Picking or Garnetting _____	Spray Painting _____	Dip Tanks _____	Aboveground Tanks _____
Magnesium Processing _____	Oven Process _____	Dry Cleaning _____	Underground Tanks _____
Molten Salt Baths _____	Welding/Cutting _____	Scrubbers _____	Others _____

On reverse side list any Hazardous Materials indicated above. Show maximum quantities in use, storage or processing and show flash point of flammable and combustible liquids. Provide Material Safety Data Sheets for each chemical listed.

I certify that the information contained in this Report is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. I understand that any false statements or misrepresentations may result in the revocation of my certificate of occupancy, and/or criminal prosecution. Violations of statutes and regulations pertaining to the use, handling and disposal of hazardous substances may result in criminal and/or civil prosecution. (A.R.S. § 49-261, 262, 263; and § 49-923, 924, 925). Changes in quantity process or type of hazardous substances referred to in this Report must be submitted to the Development Services Department (P.O. Box 5002, Tempe, AZ 85280) within 14 days of the change becoming effective.

Printed Name _____ Signature _____

Printed Title _____ Date Signed _____

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT USE
480-350-8341

Occupancy Classification _____ Date _____

By _____

Comments _____
cc: Fire Dept.

Revised 1/00
OVER

LIST HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

AMT. IN USE

AMT. IN STORAGE

FAHRENHEIT
FLASH PT.**BLASTING AGENT**

is any material or mixture consisting of fuel and oxidizer intended for blasting, not otherwise classified as an explosive, in which none of the ingredients is classified as explosives, provided that the finished product as mixed and packaged for use or shipment cannot be detonated by means of a No. 8 test blasting cap when unconfined. Materials or mixtures classified as nitrocarbonitrates by the Department of Transportation regulations shall be included in this definition.

COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS AND POWDERS

(including metals). Finely divided flammable solids which may be dispersed in air as a dust cloud. Examples: wood sawdust, plastics, coal, flour, powdered metals (few exceptions).

COMBUSTIBLE FIBERS

are readily ignitable and free-burning fibers, such as cotton, sisal, henequen, ixtle, jute, hemp, tow, cocoa fiber, oakum, baled waste, baled wastepaper, kapok, hay, straw, excelsior, Spanish moss and other like materials.

COMPRESSED GAS

(a) A gas or mixture of gases having, in a container, an absolute pressure exceeding 40 psi at 70 F (21.1 C); or (b) A gas or mixture of gases having, in a container, an absolute pressure exceeding 104 psi at 130 F (54.4 C) regardless of the pressure at 70 F (21.1 C); or (c) A liquid having a vapor pressure exceeding 40 psi at 100 F (37.8 C) as determined by ASTM D-323-72.

CORROSIVE

is a chemical that causes visible destruction of, or irreversible alterations in, living tissue by chemical action at the site of contact. A chemical is considered to be corrosive if, when tested on the intact skin of albino rabbits by the method described in the U.S. Department of Transportation in Appendix A to CFR 49 Part 173, it destroys or changes irreversibly the structure of the tissue at the site of contact following an exposure period of four hours. This term shall not refer to action on inanimate surfaces.

CRYOGENIC FLUIDS

are those fluids that have a normal boiling point below -150 F.

EXPLOSIVE

is any chemical compound or mechanical mixture that is commonly used or intended for the purpose of producing an explosion, that contains oxidizing and combustible units or other ingredients in such proportions, quantities, or packing, that an ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion, by percussion or by detonation of any part of the compound or mixture may cause such a sudden generation of highly heated gases that the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of producing destructive effects on contiguous objects or of destroying life and limb.

FLAMMABLE / COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID

is any liquid having a flash point below 200 F.

FLAMMABLE SOLID

is a solid substance, other than a blasting agent or explosive, that is liable to cause fire through friction, or as a result of retained heat from manufacture, or which has an ignition temperature below 212 F, or which burns so vigorously or persistently when ignited so as to create a serious hazard. Finely divided solid materials which when dispersed in air as a cloud may be ignited and cause an explosion are flammable solids.

HIGHLY TOXIC MATERIALS

is a material which produces a lethal dose or a lethal concentration which falls within any of the following categories:

(a) A chemical that has a median lethal dose (LD50) of 50 milligrams or less per kilogram of body weight when administered orally to albino rats weighing between 200 to 300 grams each.

(b) A chemical that has a median lethal dose (LD50) of 200 milligrams or less per kilogram of body weight when administered by continuous contact for 24 hours (or less if death occurs within 24 hours) with the bare skin of albino rabbits weighing between 2 to 3 kilograms each.

(c) A chemical that has a median lethal concentration (LD50) in air of 200 parts per million by volume or less of gas or vapor, or 2 milligrams per liter or less of mist, fume, or dust, when administered by continuous inhalation for one hour (or less if death occurs within one hour) to albino rats weighing between 200 to 300 grams each.

ORGANIC PEROXIDES

are organic compounds which contain the double oxygen or peroxy (-O-O-) group and are subject to explosive decomposition.

OTHER HEALTH HAZARDS

carcinogens, target organ toxins, irritants, sensitizers.

(a) Carcinogens: Substances which produce or are suspected of producing or inciting cancer.

(b) Target Organ Toxins: Substances which cause damage to particular organs or systems.

(c) Irritants: Substances, other than corrosives, which cause a reversible inflammatory effect on living tissue by chemical action at the site of contact.

(d) Sensitizers: Substances which cause an allergic reaction in normal tissue after repeated exposure.

OXIDIZER

is a chemical other than a blasting agent or explosive as defined that initiates or promotes combustion in other materials, thereby causing fire either of itself or through the release of oxygen or other gases.

PESTICIDE

is any substance or mixture of substances, including fungicides, intended for preventing, destroying, repelling or mitigating any pest and any substance or mixture of substances intended for use as a plant regulator, defoliant or desiccant. Products defined as drugs in the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act are exempt.

PYROPHORIC

is a chemical that will spontaneously ignite in air at or below a temperature of 130 F (54.4 C).

RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL

is any material or combination of materials that spontaneously emits ionizing radiation.

TOXIC MATERIAL

is a material which produces a lethal dose or a lethal concentration which falls within any of the following categories:

(a) A chemical or substance that has a median lethal dose (LD50) of more than 50 milligrams per kilogram but not more than 500 milligrams per kilogram of body weight when administered orally to albino rats weighing between 200 to 300 grams each.

(b) A chemical or substance that has a median lethal dose (LD50) of more than 200 milligrams per kilogram but not more than 1,000 milligrams per kilogram of body weight when administered by continuous contact for 24 hours (or less if death occurs within 24 hours) with the bare skin of albino rabbits weighing between two to three kilograms each.

(c) A chemical or substance that has a median lethal concentration (LD50) in air of more than 200 parts per million but not more than 2,000 parts per million by volume of gas or vapor, or more than two milligrams per liter but not more than 20 milligrams per liter of mist, fume, or dust, when administered by continuous inhalation for one hour (or less if death occurs within one hour) to albino rats weighing between 200 to 300 grams each.

UNSTABLE (Reactive)

is a chemical which in the pure state, or as produced or transported, will vigorously polymerize, decompose, condense, or will become self-reactive under conditions of shock, pressure or temperature.

WATER-REACTIVE MATERIALS

are materials which explode, violently react, produce flammable, toxic or other hazardous gases, or evolve enough heat to cause self-ignition or ignition of nearby combustibles upon exposure to water or moisture.